The 12th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry

The Governor

The dominant political figure in Massachusetts during the war was Governor John Albion Andrew, a staunch Republican who energetically supported the war effort.



Massachusetts in the Civil War

Recruitment Massachusetts sent a total of 159,165 men to serve in the war. Of these, 133,002 served in the Union army and 26,163 served in the navy. The army units raised in Massachusetts consisted of 62 regiments of infantry, six regiments of cavalry, 16 batteries of light artillery, four regiments of heavy artillery, two companies of sharpshooters, a handful of unattached battalions and 26 unattached companies.



The Webster Division



Colonel Fletcher Webster

The 12th Regiment. Massachusetts. Volunteer Infantry, known as the "Webster Regiment", was recruited in the latter part of April, 1861, through the personal efforts of Fletcher Webster, son of the statesman, Daniel Webster. During the first week in May, 1861, the regiment was transferred to Fort Warren, where its organization was completed.

I il' organizzation quite i arm plate without Inch appointment. I write with the warne oncurrence of the love, Dryan recommending the of finine ant of Thomas Havilance By Newton, who has been oroughly drilled by Sh. Col. yan, for a dieutenance, onden that I may delect - for the adjulancy. We have now to be letted to the Second calion for the terrice, of i an officer, I have the konour lobe your Excellencers Felcher Webler Col. 12h. Regt, the with

Primary Source*

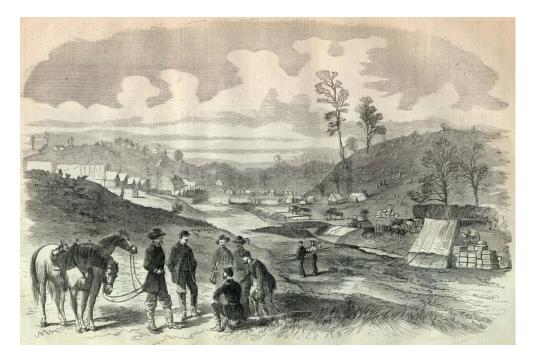
Letter from Fletcher Webster to the Governor Andrew requesting promotions. All military promotions needed to be approved by the governor.

Courtesy of Massachusetts Archives

Five Companies

Five companies were raised in Boston and one each in Abington, North Bridgewater, Gloucester, Stoughton, and Weymouth. On June 26, Col. Webster and a large majority of the officers and men of the regiment were mustered into the service.

The regiment left Fort Warren for the seat of war July 23, and on the 27th it reached Sandy Hook, Md., near Harper's Ferry.



23 Rage UNECTING WITH THE PRINCIPAL CITIES AND TOWNS IN THE U. STATES AND CANADA STREET, TRAVELLER B ssages are received by this Com AS BROADWAY, N. Y KENDALL, Gen'l Sup't 1861. Duted 1861, o'clock, ____ ______ min. . M. Rec'd approva With your bh on 0

Primary Source*

* The original telegraph orders to move the Webster Regiment to Washington DC

Courtesy of Massachusetts Archives

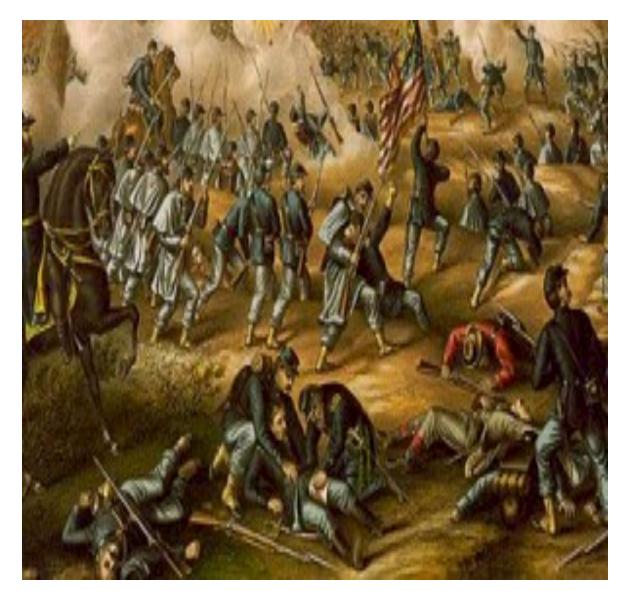
Off to the War

On July 19, 1861, the regiment was reviewed by Governor John Albion Andrew on Boston Common and presented with its colors. On July 23, the 12th Massachusetts departed Boston for the war front





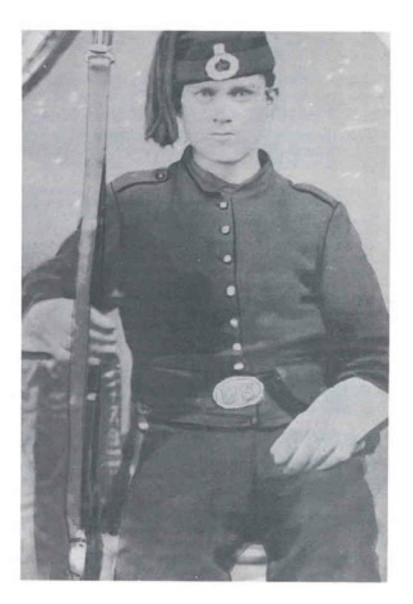
Second Bull Run



At Second Bull Run, August 30, General Z. B. Tower was in command of the brigade in the absence of Gen. Hartsuff, who was ill. The 12th Regiment was heavily engaged near Bald Hill on the Chinn farm, losing its commander, Colonel Webster, and 25 officers and men killed or mortally wounded.

John Slattery

John Slattery, 18, Company "H", 12th Regiment Infantry, Massachusetts Volunteers. The first South Weymouth boy killed during the Civil War.



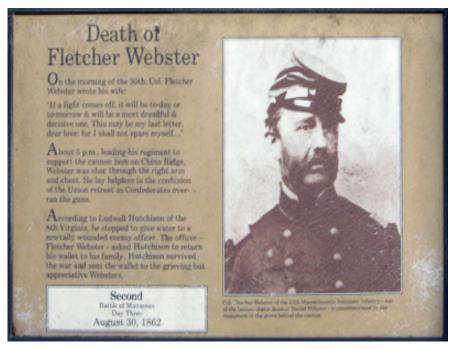
Colonel Webster is killed

Death of Fletcher Webster

On the morning of Aug. 30th, Col. Fletcher Webster wrote his wife:

"If a fight comes off, it will be to-day or to-morrow & will be a most dreadful & decisive one. This may be my last letter, dear love, for I shall not spare myself..."

About 5 p.m., leading his regiment to support the cannon here on Chinn Ridge, Webster was shot through the right arm and chest. He lay helpless in the confusion of the Union retreat as Confederates overran the guns.



According to Ludwell Hutchinson of the 8th Virginia, he stopped to give water to a mortally wounded enemy officer. The officer – Fletcher Webster – asked Hutchinson to return his wallet to his family. Hutchinson survived the war and sent the wallet to the grieving but appreciative Websters.

Fought on the Bloody Cornfield



On September 17th, 1862 at Antietam, the 12th fought in the Bloody Cornfield, losing 224 officers and men, of whom 74, including Major Elisha Burbank and Assistant Surgeon A. A. Kendall, were killed or mortally wounded. Here it came into conflict with the famous Texas Brigade and captured the colors of the 1st Texas Infantry.

Heavy casualties at Fredericksburg

At Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, under the command of Col. James L. Bates, as a part of Reynolds' (1st) Corps, the 12th fought bravely in the attack on the Confederate right, losing heavily.

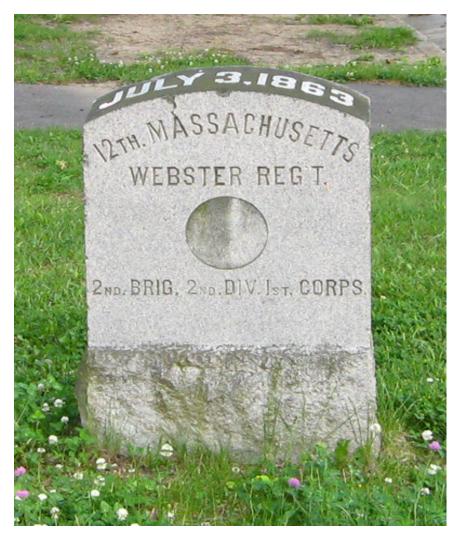
At a terrible cost, the brave men of the 12th had carried out their orders to support the attack. The division had suffered 1,267 casualties out of a total force of 3,500 men. The 12th Massachusetts had lost 105 of 258 men; the 16th Maine lost 230 of 417 in its first fight, but won the proud reputation of a fighting regiment.

Although the main battle had been an abysmal failure, Gibbon's soldiers had accomplished what no other Union division at Fredericksburg had managed: they had breached however briefly-the formidable Confederate line.



First Day at Gettysburg

On the first day of the engagement, July 1, 1863, as the slow and unplanned collision of the two armies began, the 12th Massachusetts (part of Baxter's brigade) was among the first of the Union units to occupy Oak Ridge and stall the Confederate advance northwest of town.



Part of a Massacre



Lying down behind a stone wall, Baxter's brigade (including the 12th Mass) watched in amazement as Iverson's brigade of North Carolinians advanced on their position, apparently oblivious to the danger in front of them. When the 12th Mass and the rest of their brigade opened fire, hundreds of Confederates were instantly cut down. Iverson's brigade suffered two-thirds casualties in a matter of minutes.

The 12th in the rest of the Civil War

Gettysburg July 1-3. Picket duty on the Rapidan until October. Bristoe Campaign October 9-22. Advance to line of the Rappahannock November 7-8. Mine Run Campaign November 26-December 2. Demonstration on the Rapidan

1864

February 6-7, 1864. Campaign from the Rapidan to the James May-June, 1864. Battles of the Wilderness May 5-7; Laurel Hill May 8; Spottsylvania May 8-12; Spottsylvania Court House May 12:21. Assault on the Salient May 12. North Anna River May 23-26. Jericho Ford May 23. Line of the Pamunkey May 26-28. Totopotomoy May 28-31. Cold Harbor June 1-12. Bethesda Church June 1-3. White Oak Swamp June 13. Before Petersburg June 16-18. Ordered home for muster out June 25. Mustered out July 8, 1864.

Regiment lost during service 18 Officers and 175 Enlisted men killed and mortally wounded and 83 Enlisted men by disease. Total 276.

Sources

- Massachusetts soldiers, sailors, and marines in the civil ...archive.org/.../ massachusettssol11931mass/massachusettssol11931mass_djv...
- TWELFTH REGIMENT MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEER INFANTRY www.stoughtonhistory.com/history12.htm
- Primary Source Regimental Letters to the Governor from Massachusetts Archives
- 12th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry Acton Memorial ... www.actonmemoriallibrary.org/civilwar/regiments/Mass/12MVI.htm
- During the Civil War | Welcome to Weymouth Massachusetts www.weymouth.ma.us/index.php/history/during-the-civil-war/
- Regiment Details The Civil War National Park Service <u>www.nps.gov/civilwar/search-regiments-detail.htm?regiment_id</u>...
- 12th Massachusetts Infantryantietam.aotw.org/officers.php?unit_id=272
- 12th MA: History of the Twelfth Massachusetts Volunteers (Webster ...www.beyondthecrater.com/.../regimental...regimental.../ massachusetts.../..
- Battle Of Fredericksburg History Net www.historynet.com/battle-offredericksburg Brigadier General John Gibbon's Brief Breach During the Battle of Fredericksburg
- Google Images